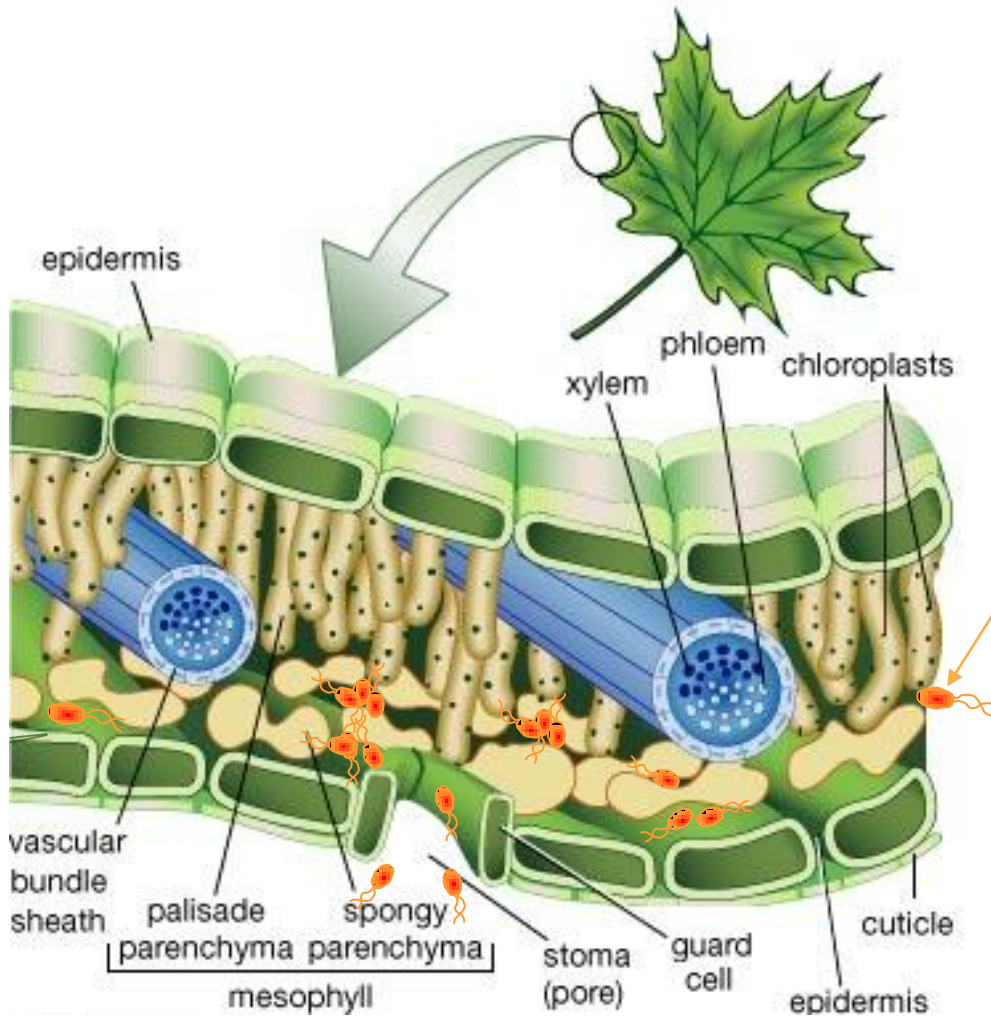


# **A case study: gene network beyond flagellin and MAPK signaling**

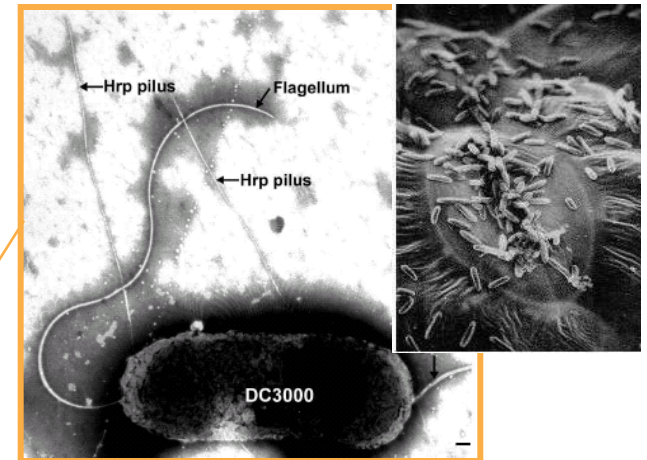
Nicolas FREI DIT FREY  
Heribert Hirt's group  
URGV, Evry

Journée « Inférence de réseaux chez les plantes »  
6 Septembre 2011

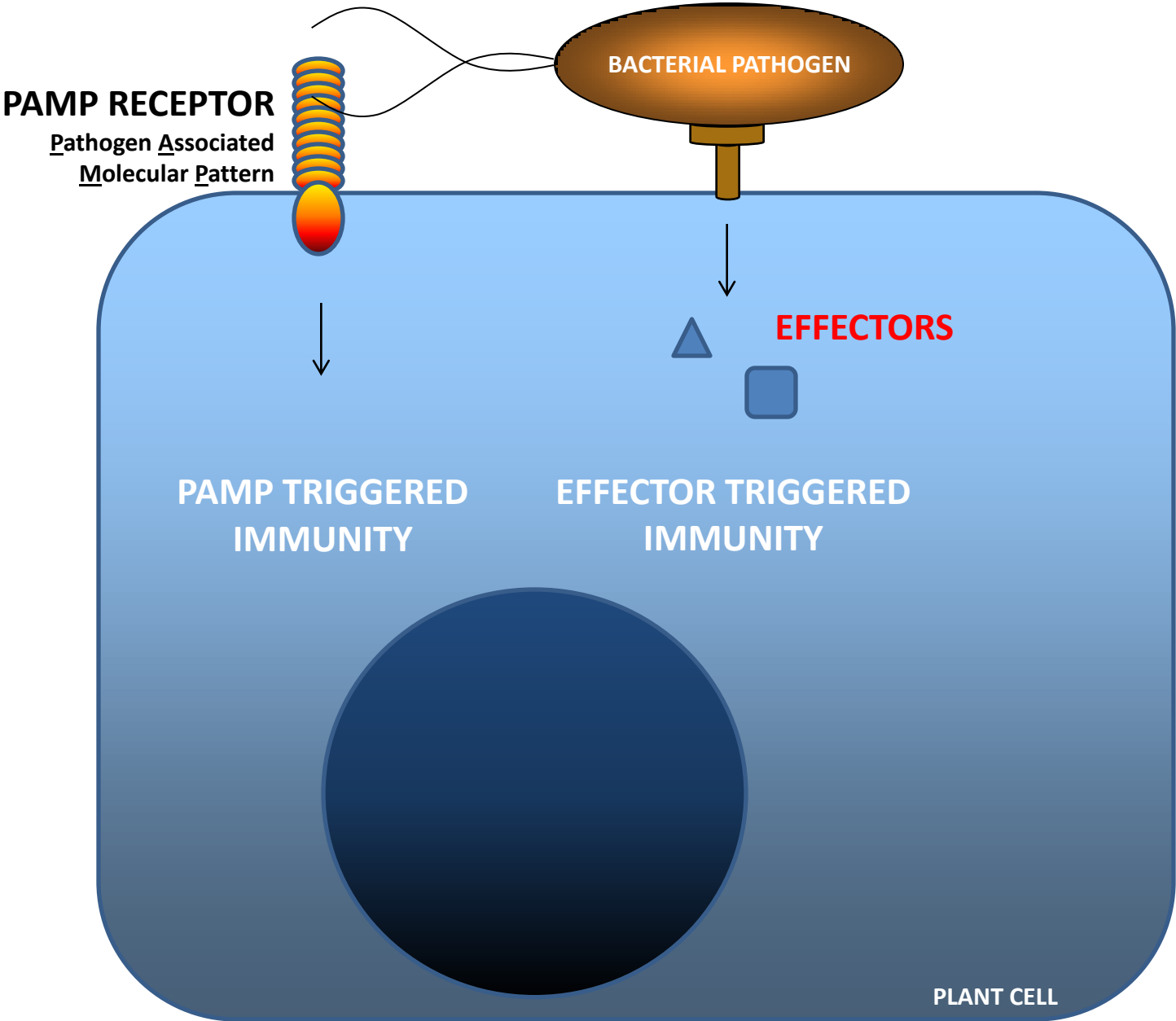
# Bacterial infection in plants



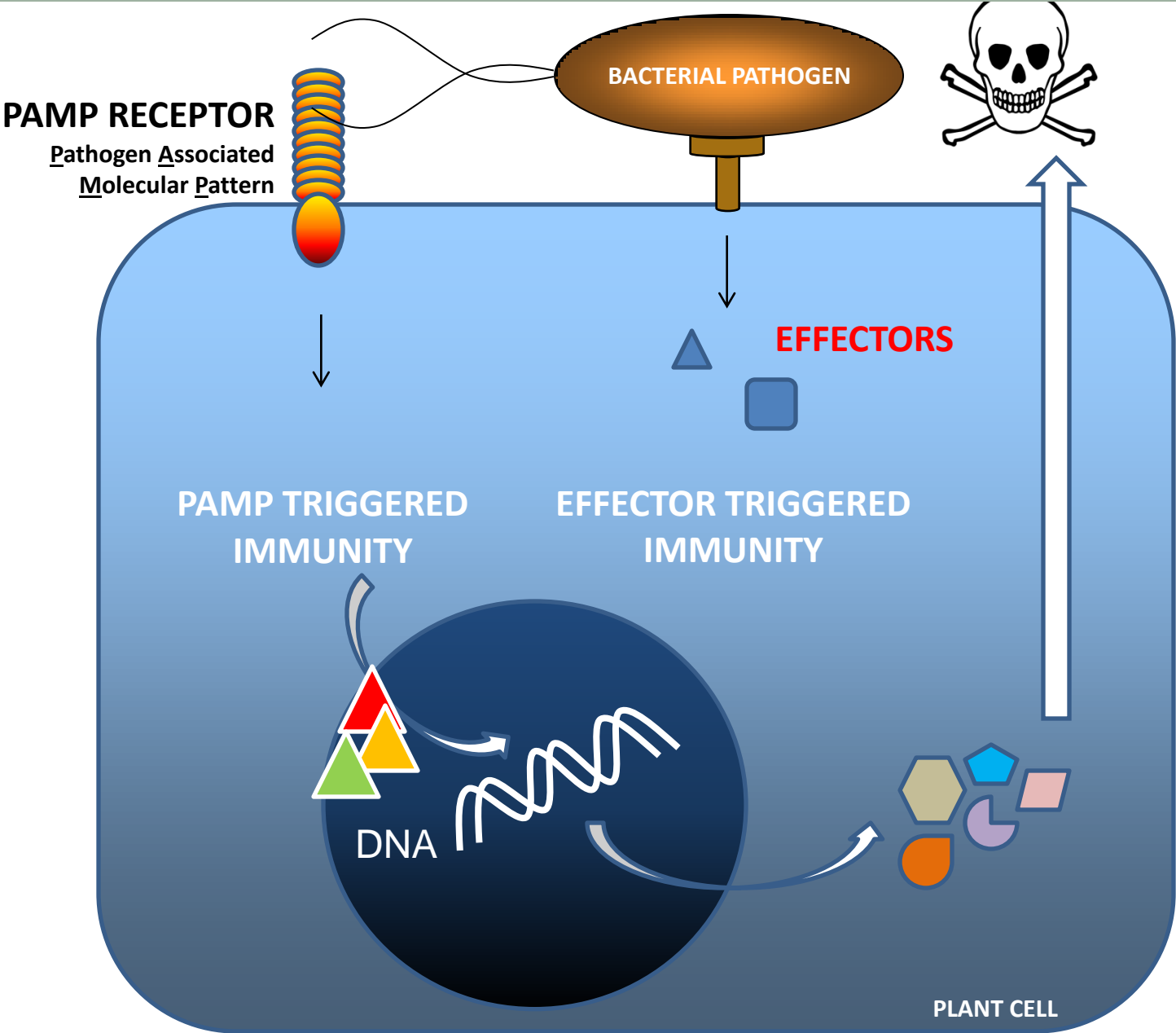
## *Pseudomonas syringae*



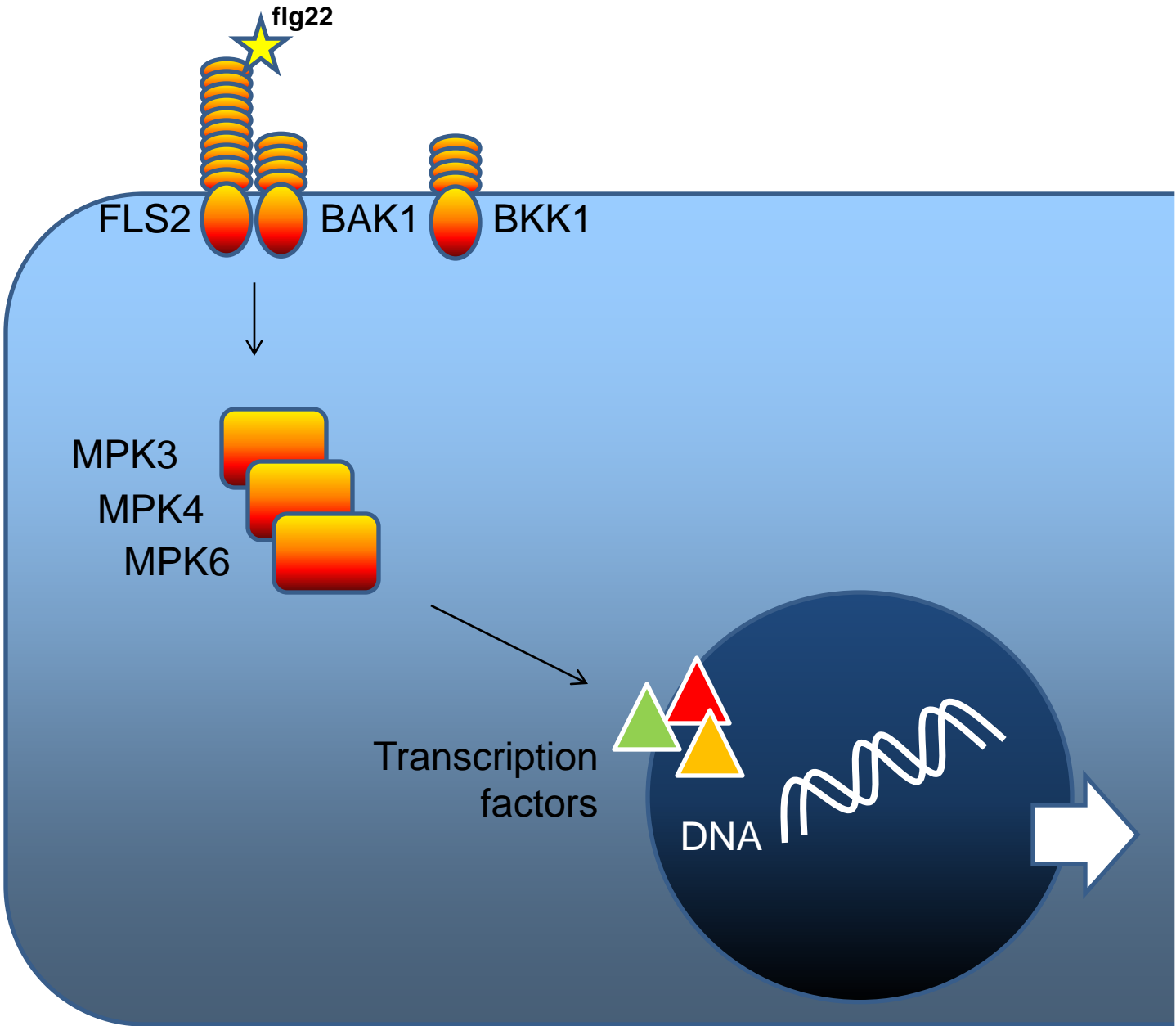
# Plant resistance to pathogens : two layers of defense



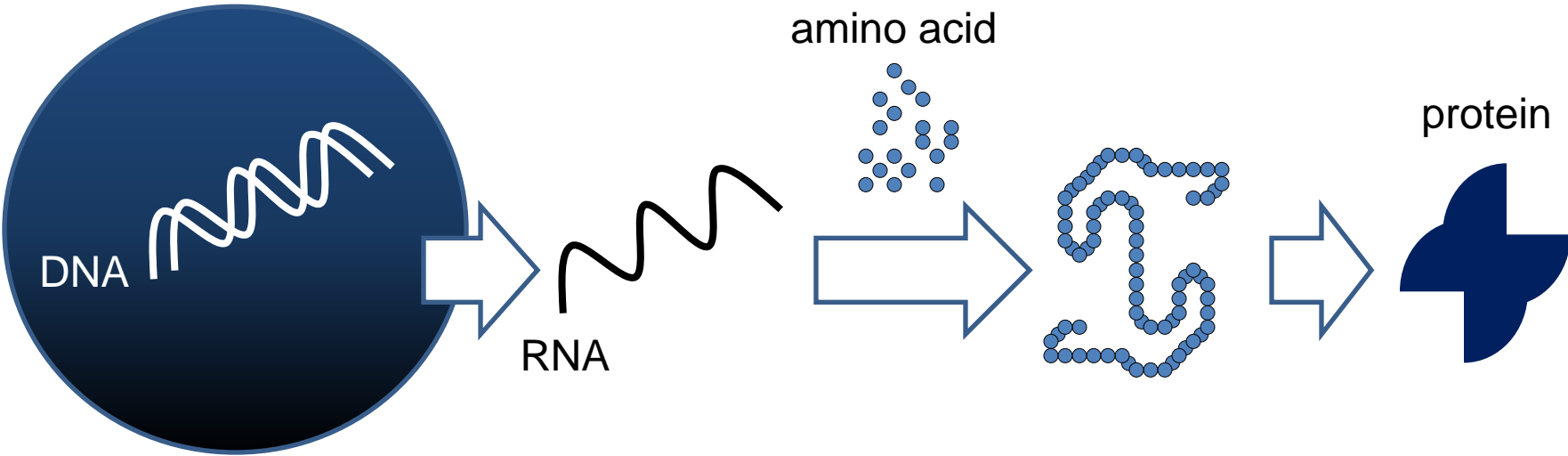
# Plant resistance to pathogens : two layers of defense



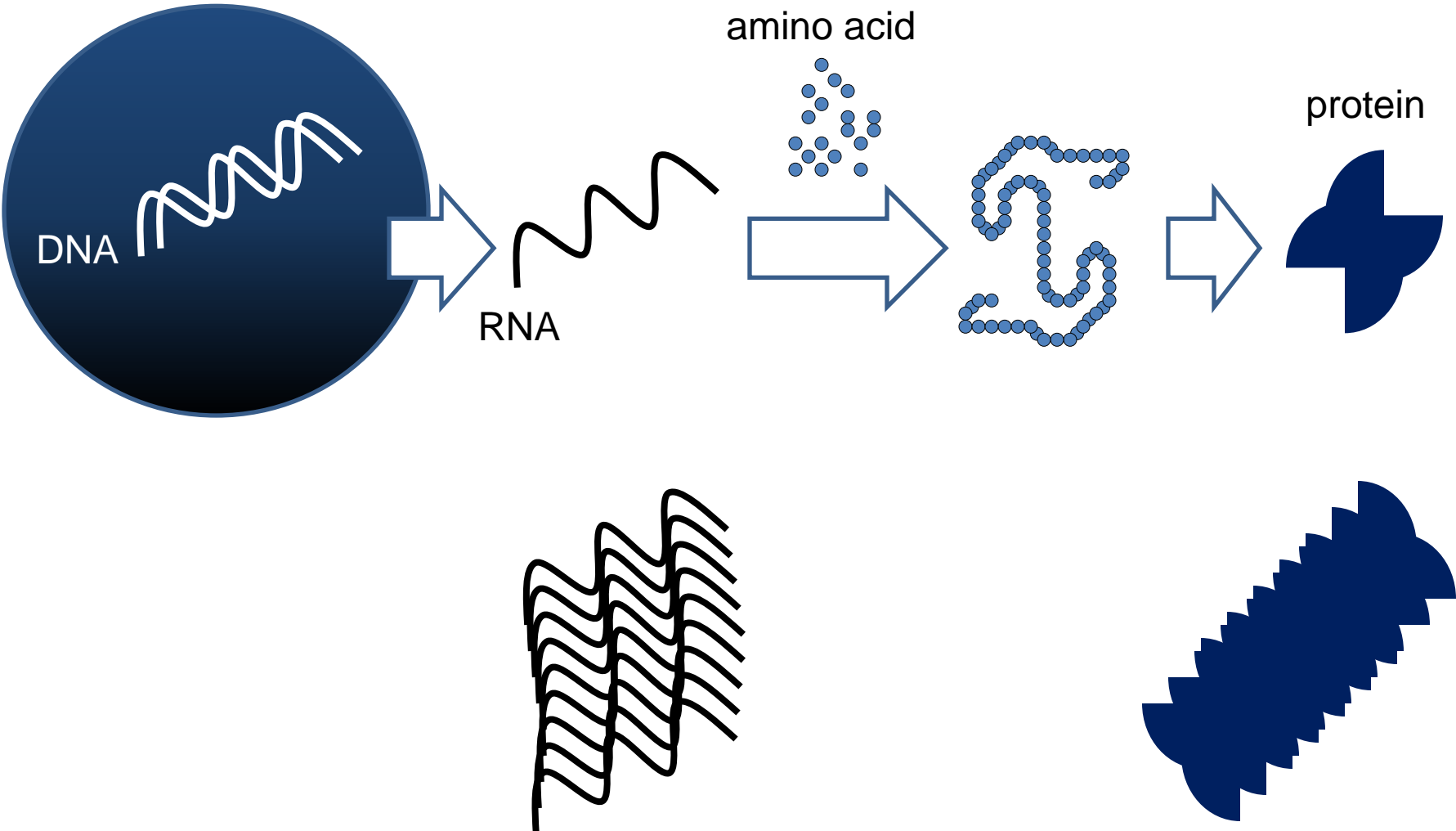
# Gene regulation downstream of flagellin and MAPK signaling



# Quantifying transcript abundance as a read-out for gene regulation

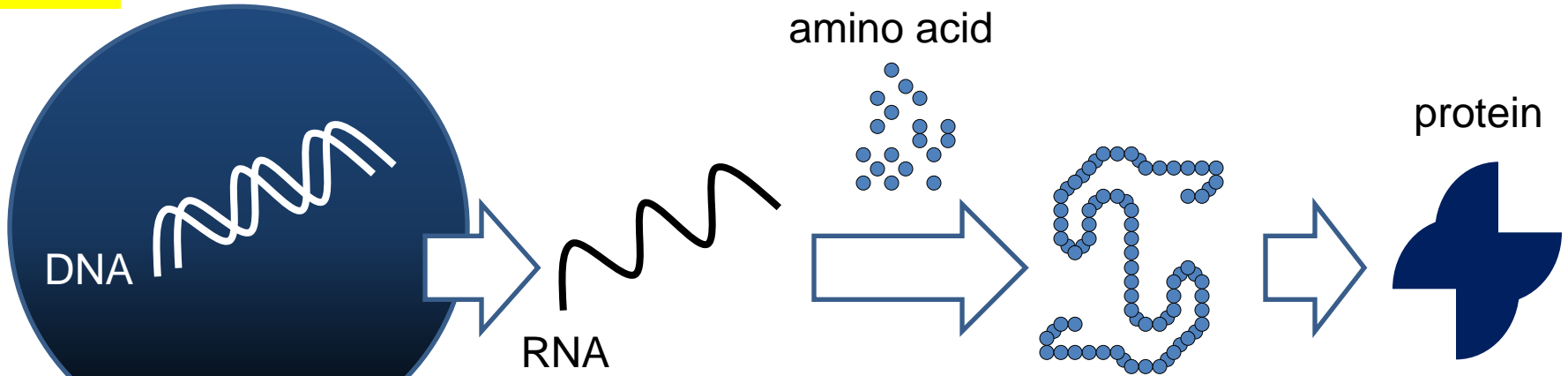


# Quantifying transcript abundance as a read-out for gene regulation



# Quantifying transcript abundance as a read-out for gene regulation

- flg22



+ flg22

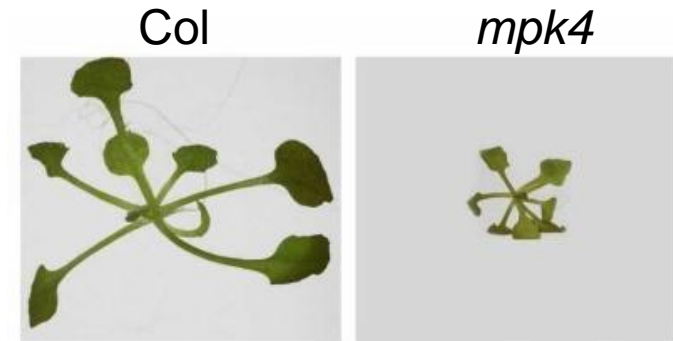




# From transcriptome analysis to gene clustering

## Transcriptome analysis

~25.000 gene products



<i>bak1 bkk1</i>	vs	Col
<i>mpk3</i>	vs	Col
<i>mpk4</i>	vs	Col
<i>mpk6</i>	vs	Col
<i>bak1 bkk1 + flg22</i>	vs	<i>bak1 bkk1</i>
<i>mpk3 + flg22</i>	vs	<i>mpk3</i>
<i>mpk4 + flg22</i>	vs	<i>mpk4</i>
<i>mpk6 + flg22</i>	vs	<i>mpk6</i>
Col + flg22	vs	Col

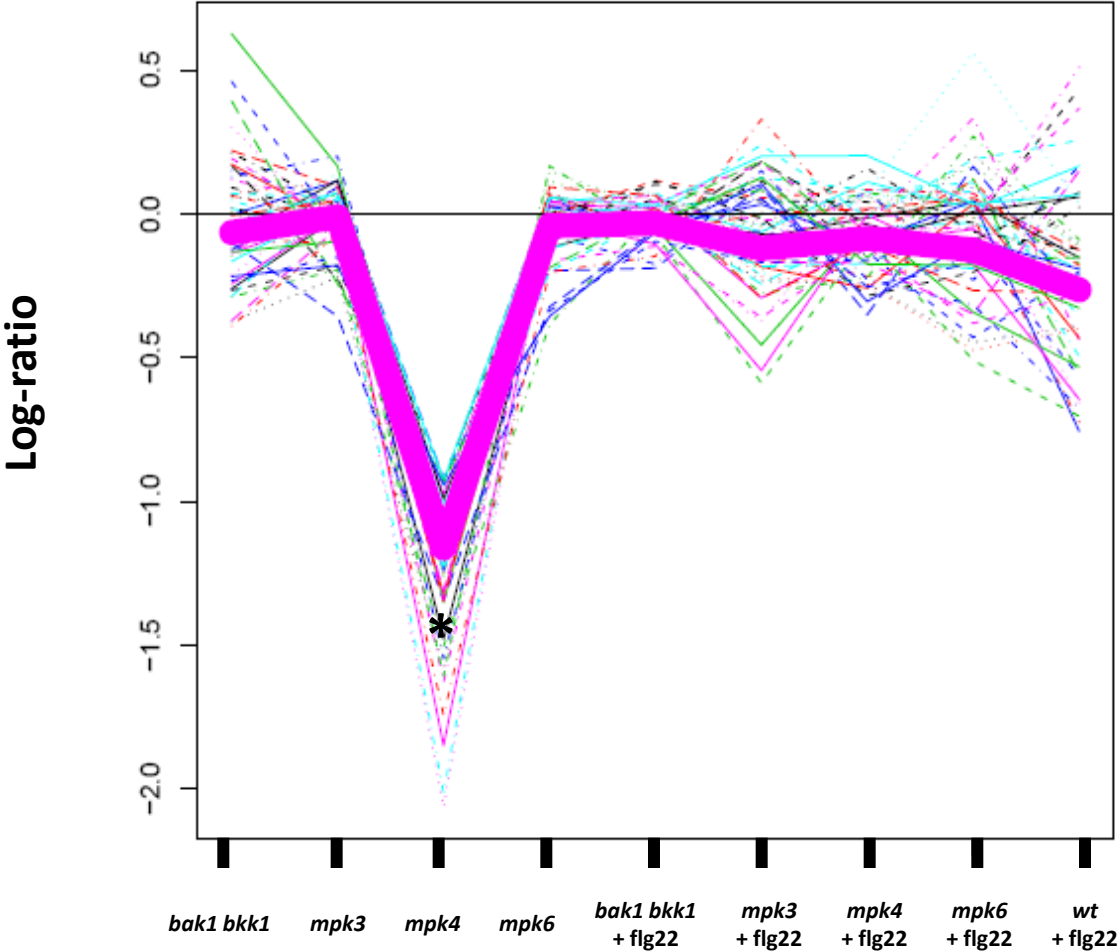
4406 genes found  
to be differentially  
expressed at least  
once among the  
comparisons



31 clusters

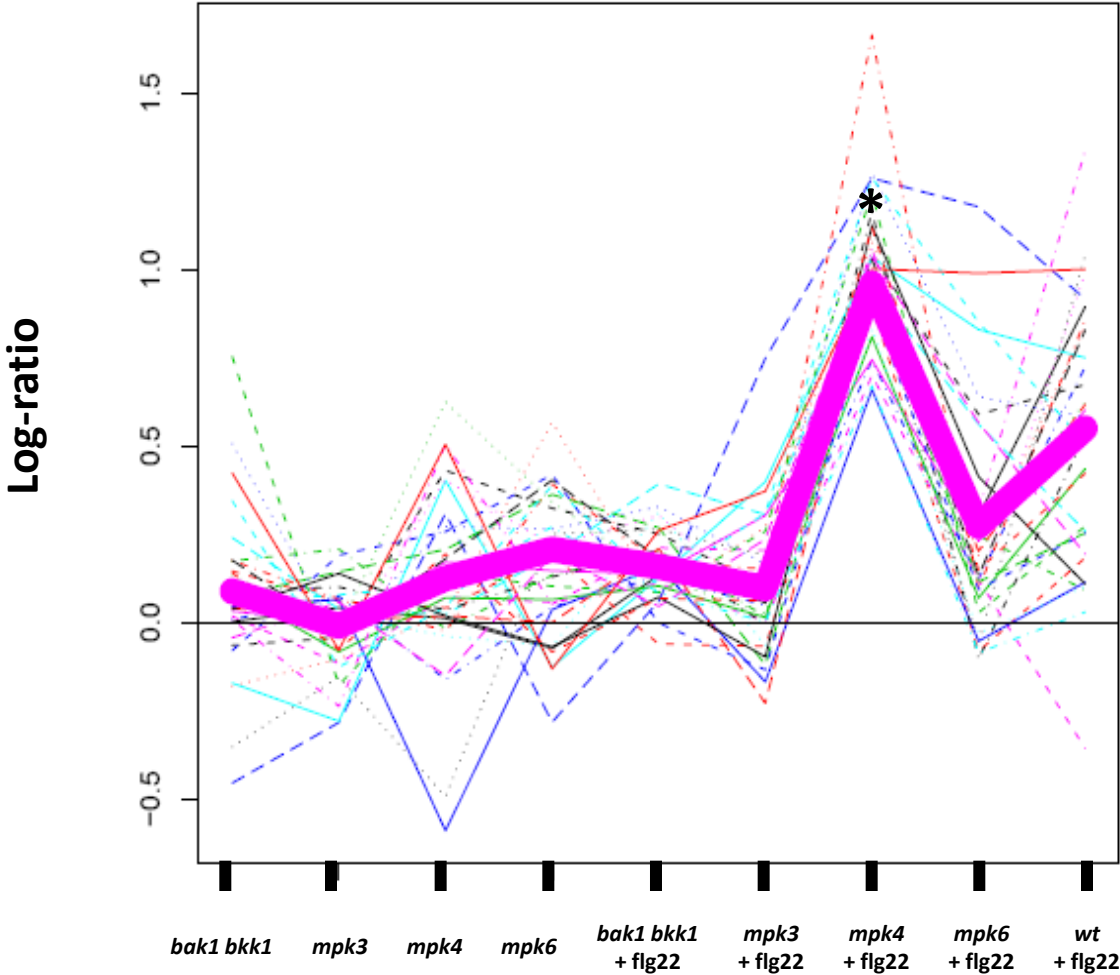
# Cluster example (1/4)

## Cluster 2 (54 genes)



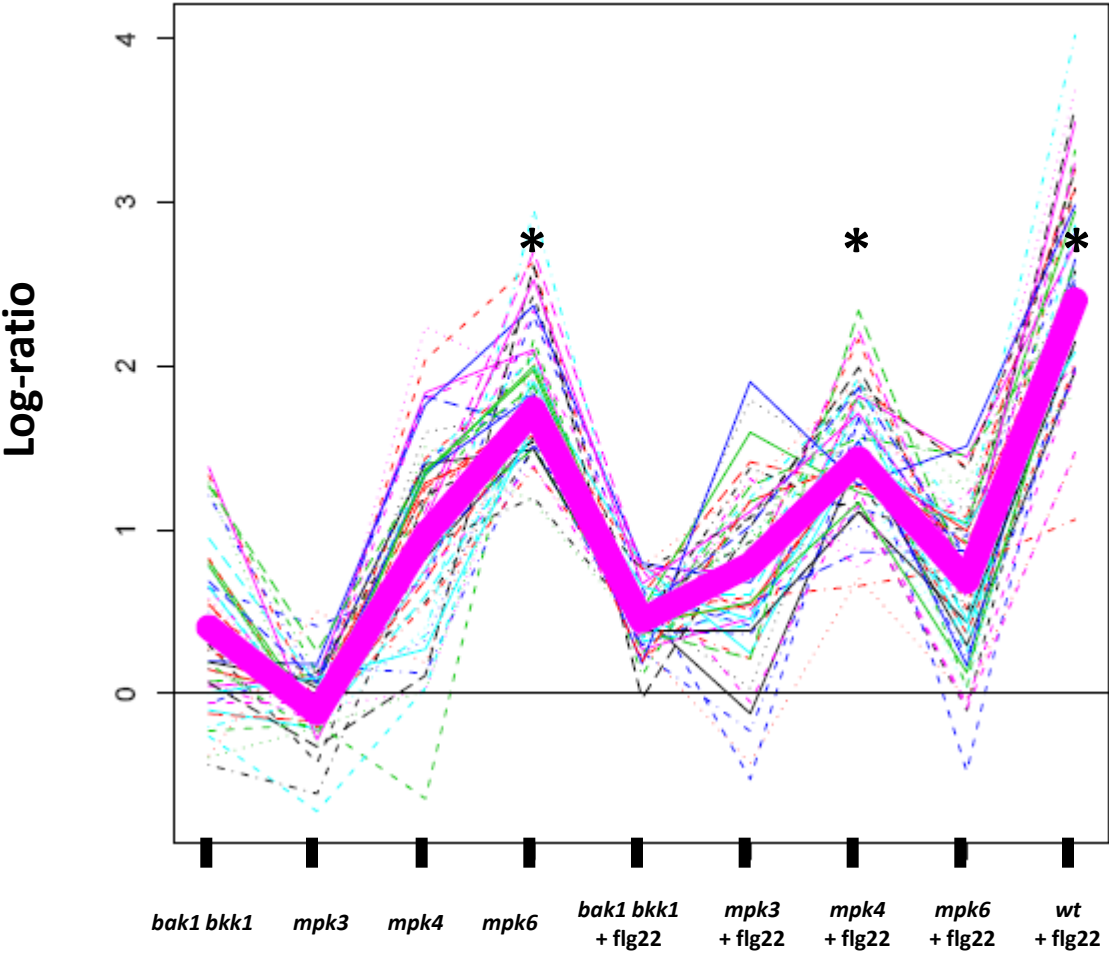
# Cluster example (2/4)

## Cluster 6 (32 genes)



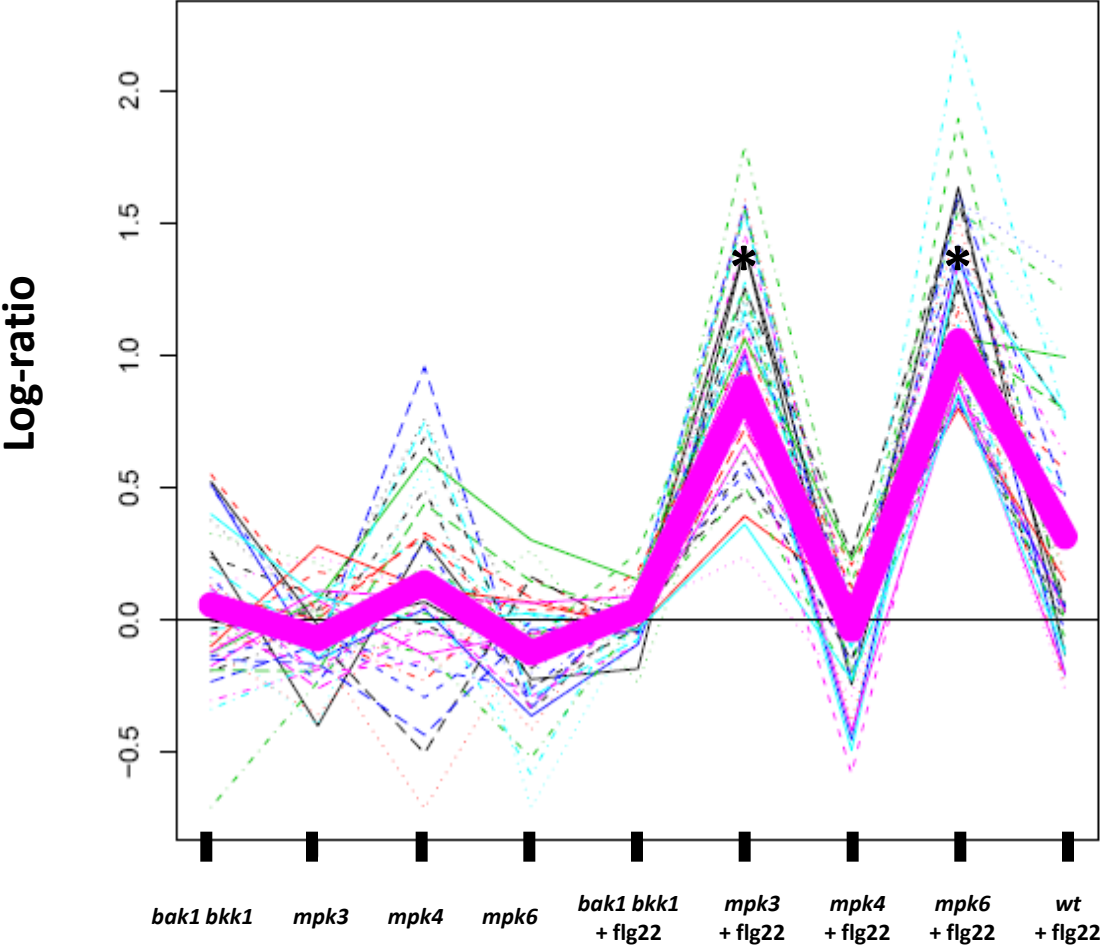
# Cluster example (3/4)

## Cluster 13 (53 genes)



# Cluster example (4/4)

## Cluster 16 (42 genes)



# What biological information to extract from different clusters ?

Which of the mutants are similar ?

Which mutant is the most severely impaired in the flg22 response ?

Analysis of each cluster :

Protein subcellular localisation

*\*Membrane ? Nucleus ? Organelles ? Etc...*

Protein function

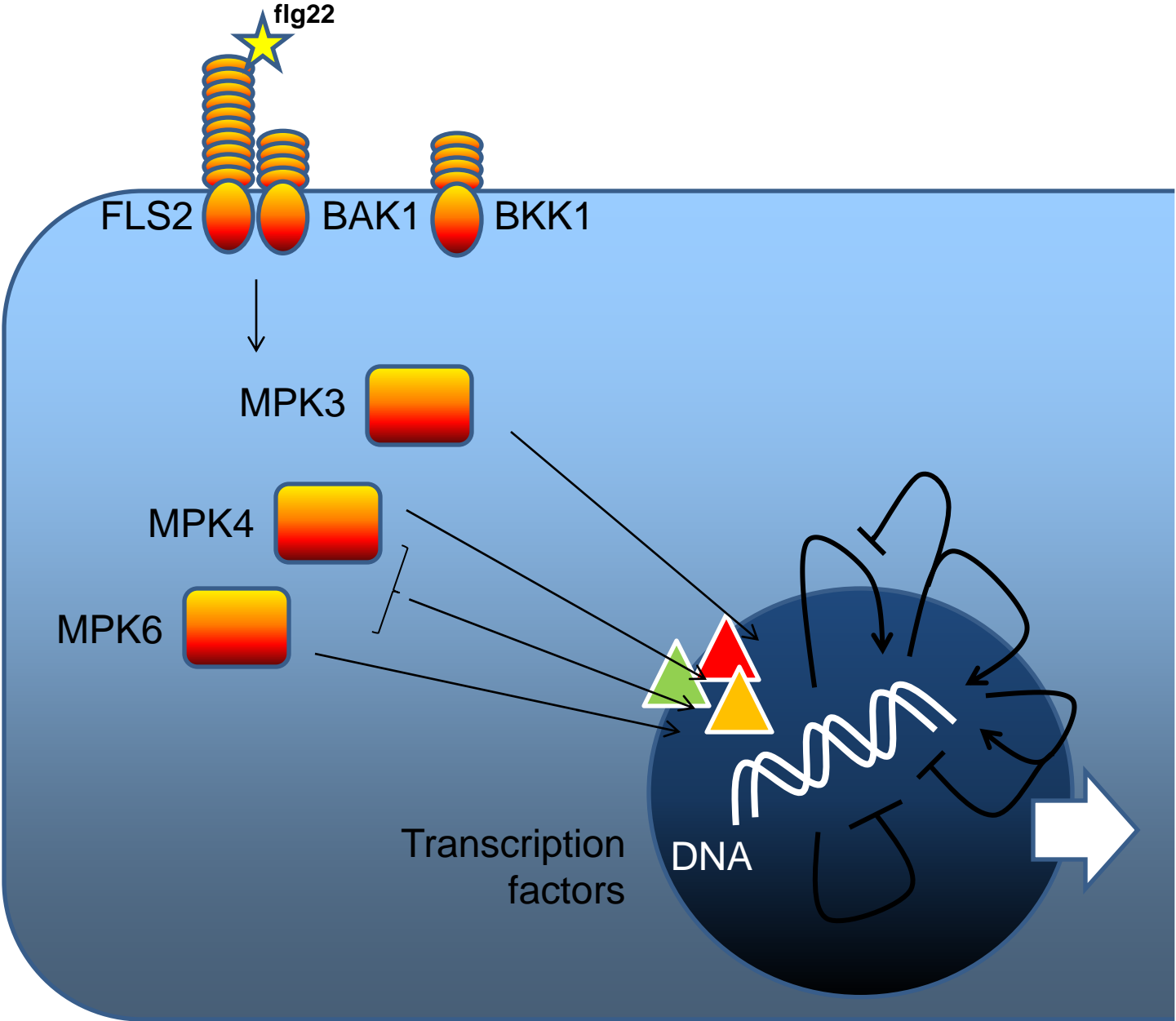
*\*Gene regulation ? Metabolic Pathway ? Etc...*

Is a mutant more affected in a specific response / pathway ?

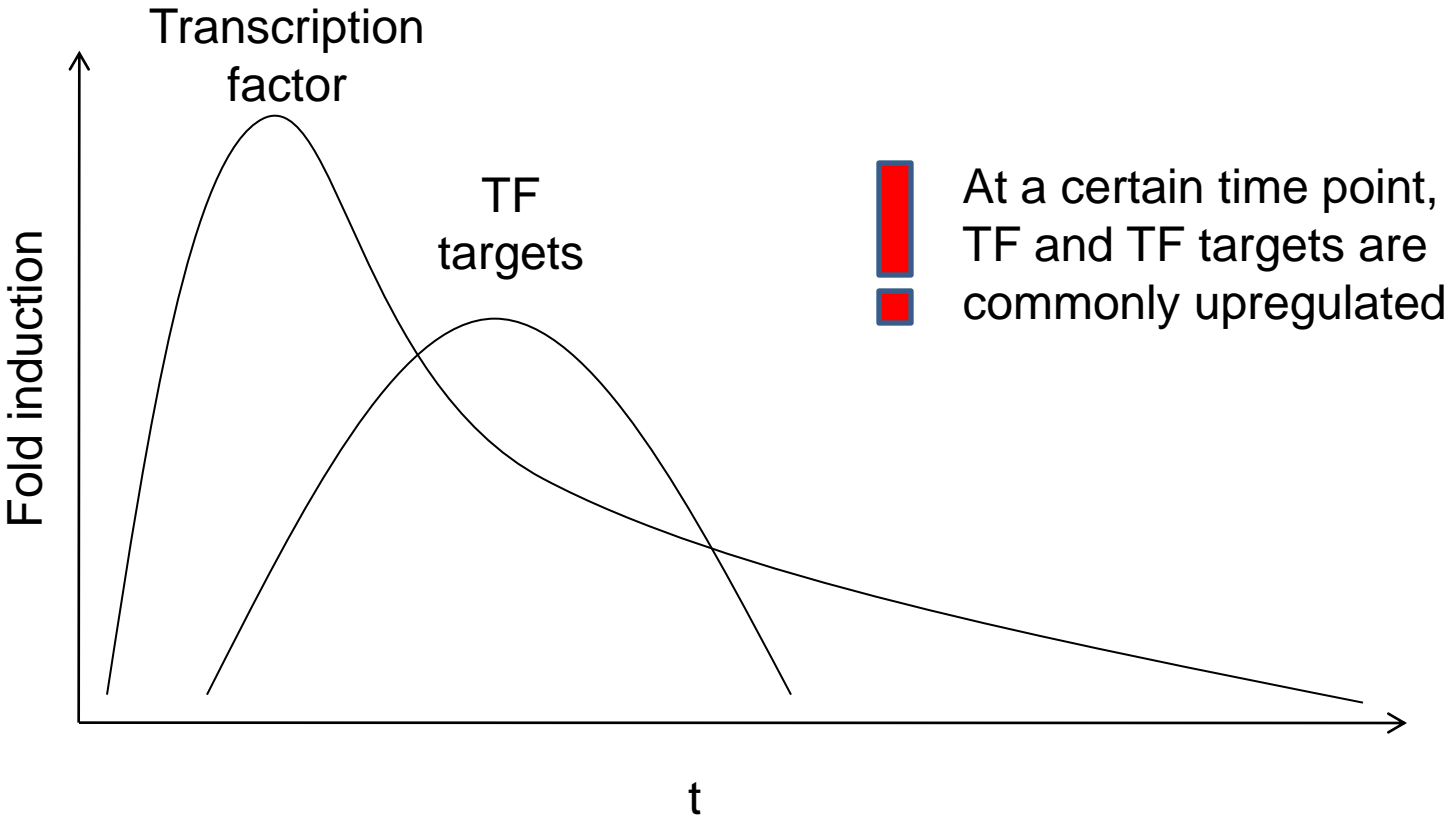
...

... but how to identify MAPK targets ? Downstream regulators ?

# No time serie available... How to identify primary regulators ?



# Common regulation in TF and TF targets

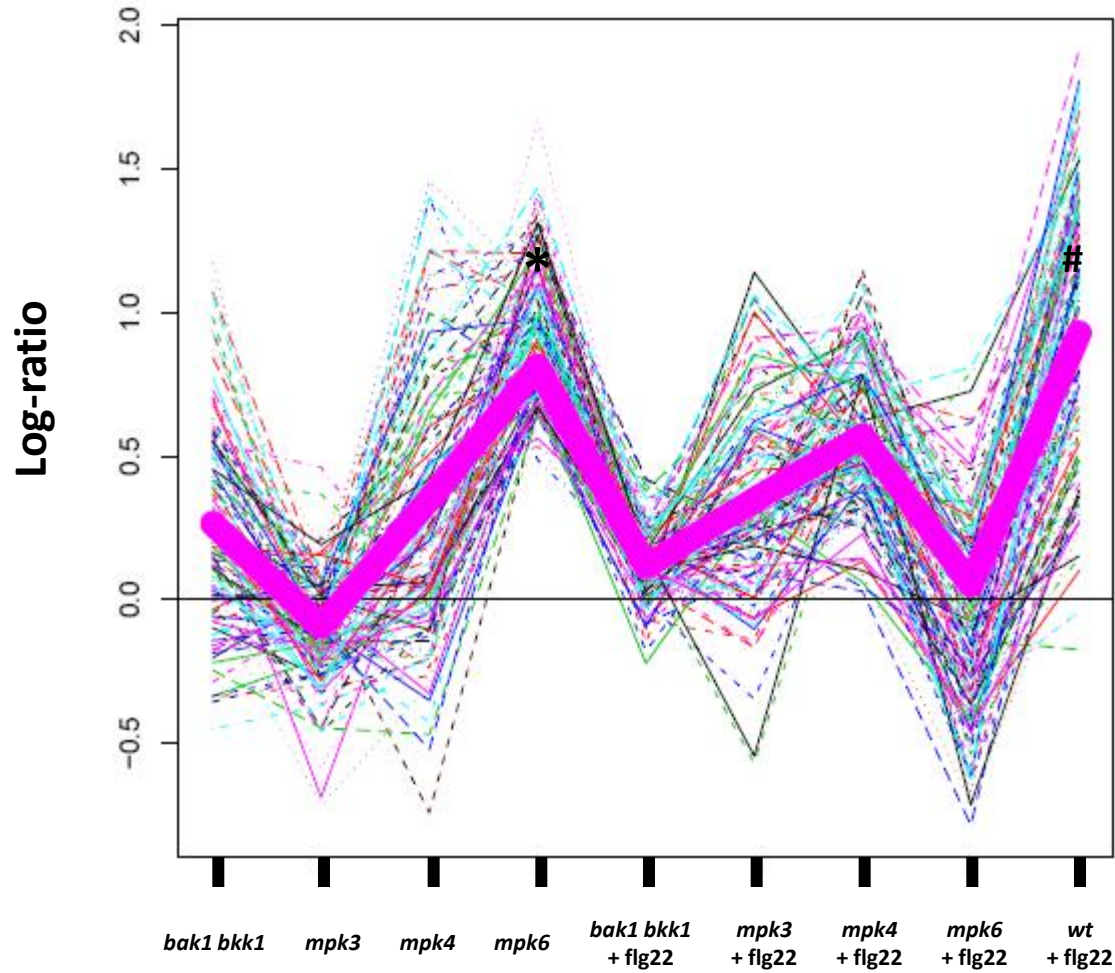


**TF and their targets can be identified in the same cluster**



# Practical case study: cluster 17

Cluster 17 (132 genes)



# Practical case study: cluster 17

AT5G27380 GLUTATHIONE SYNTHETASE 2 (GSH2)  
AT5G64300 GTP CYCLOHYDROLASE II (GCH)  
AT4G18880 HEAT SHOCK TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR A4A (HSF A4A)  
AT5G62020 HEAT SHOCK TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR B2A (HSFB2A)  
AT3G50950 HOPZ-ACTIVATED RESISTANCE 1 (ZAR1)  
AT3G12360 INCREASED TOLERANCE TO NAACL (ITN1)  
AT5G62070 IQ-DOMAIN 23 (IQD23)  
AT3G19260 LAG1 HOMOLOGUE 2 (LOH2)  
AT4G23850 LONG-CHAIN ACYL-COA SYNTHETASE 4 (LACS4)  
AT3G21220 MAP KINASE KINASE 5 (MKK5)  
AT4G26070 MAP KINASE/ ERK KINASE 1 (MEK1)  
AT2G34850 MATERNAL EFFECT EMBRYO ARREST 25 (MEE25)  
AT4G37670 N-ACETYL-L-GLUTAMATE SYNTHASE 2 (NAGS2)  
AT1G34190 NAC DOMAIN CONTAINING PROTEIN 17 (NAC017)  
AT3G49530 NAC DOMAIN CONTAINING PROTEIN 62 (NAC062)  
AT1G64280 NONEXPRESSER OF PR GENES 1 (NPR1)  
AT5G45110 NPR1-LIKE PROTEIN 3 (NPR3)  
AT4G19660 NPR1-LIKE PROTEIN 4 (NPR4)  
AT3G55450 PBS1-LIKE 1 (PBL1)  
AT2G46500 PHOSPHOINOSITIDE 4-KINASE GAMMA 4 (PI4K GAMMA 4)  
AT5G18480 PLANT GLYCOGENIN-LIKE STARCH INITIATION PROTEIN 6 (PGSIP6)  
AT1G49630 PRESEQUENCE PROTEASE 2 (PREP2)  
AT4G04220 RECEPTOR LIKE PROTEIN 46 (RLP46)  
AT1G79670 RESISTANCE TO FUSARIUM OXYSPORUM 1 (RFO1)  
AT3G07040 RESISTANCE TO P. SYRINGAE PV MACULICOLA 1 (RPM1)  
AT4G14220 RING-H2 GROUP F1A (RHF1A)  
AT4G32300 S-DOMAIN-2 5 (SD2-5)  
AT5G46410 SCP1-LIKE SMALL PHOSPHATASE 4 (SSP4)  
AT1G61250 SECRETORY CARRIER 3 (SC3)  
AT5G14930 SENESCENCE-ASSOCIATED GENE 101 (SAG101)  
AT3G48780 SERINE PALMITOYLTRANSFERASE 1 (SPT1)  
AT2G22300 SIGNAL RESPONSIVE 1 (SR1)  
AT1G54370 SODIUM HYDROGEN EXCHANGER 5 (NHX5)  
AT1G54360 TBP-ASSOCIATED FACTOR 6B (TAF6B)  
AT2G30440 THYLAKOID PROCESSING PEPTIDE (TPP)  
AT2G02180 TOBAMOVIRUS MULTIPLICATION PROTEIN 3 (TOM3)  
AT1G07240 UDP-GLUCOSYL TRANSFERASE 71C5 (UGT71C5)  
AT2G30250 WRKY DNA-BINDING PROTEIN 25 (WRKY25)

...

# Use ATTED-II as a sub-clustering tool



last update: 2011.08.30

## ATED-II

provides co-regulated gene relationships to estimate gene functions

All words

Search



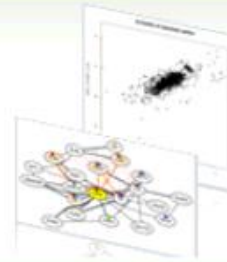
### Search

- GeneTable
- EdgeAnnotation
- CoExSearch
- CoexVersion



### Draw

- NetworkDrawer
- HCluster
- CoexViewer
- etc.



### Browse



### Bulk download

### Information

- » [Overview](#)
- » [Publication](#)
- » [Help](#)

### Target species

#### Arabisopsis

Example: [\[gene page\]](#) [\[gene list\]](#)

#### Rice

Example: [\[gene list\]](#)

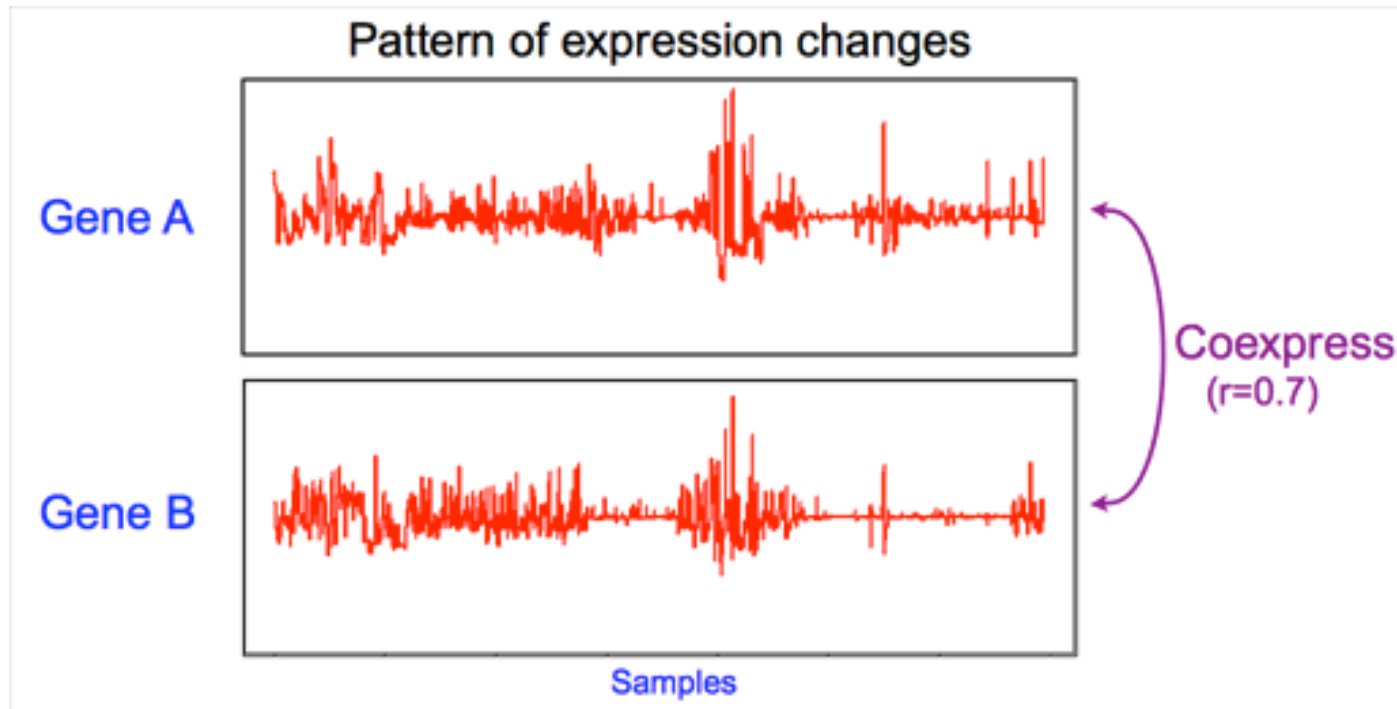
[\[statistics\]](#)

twitter



29 Aug 2011 [modified] The table style of the GeneTable tool is

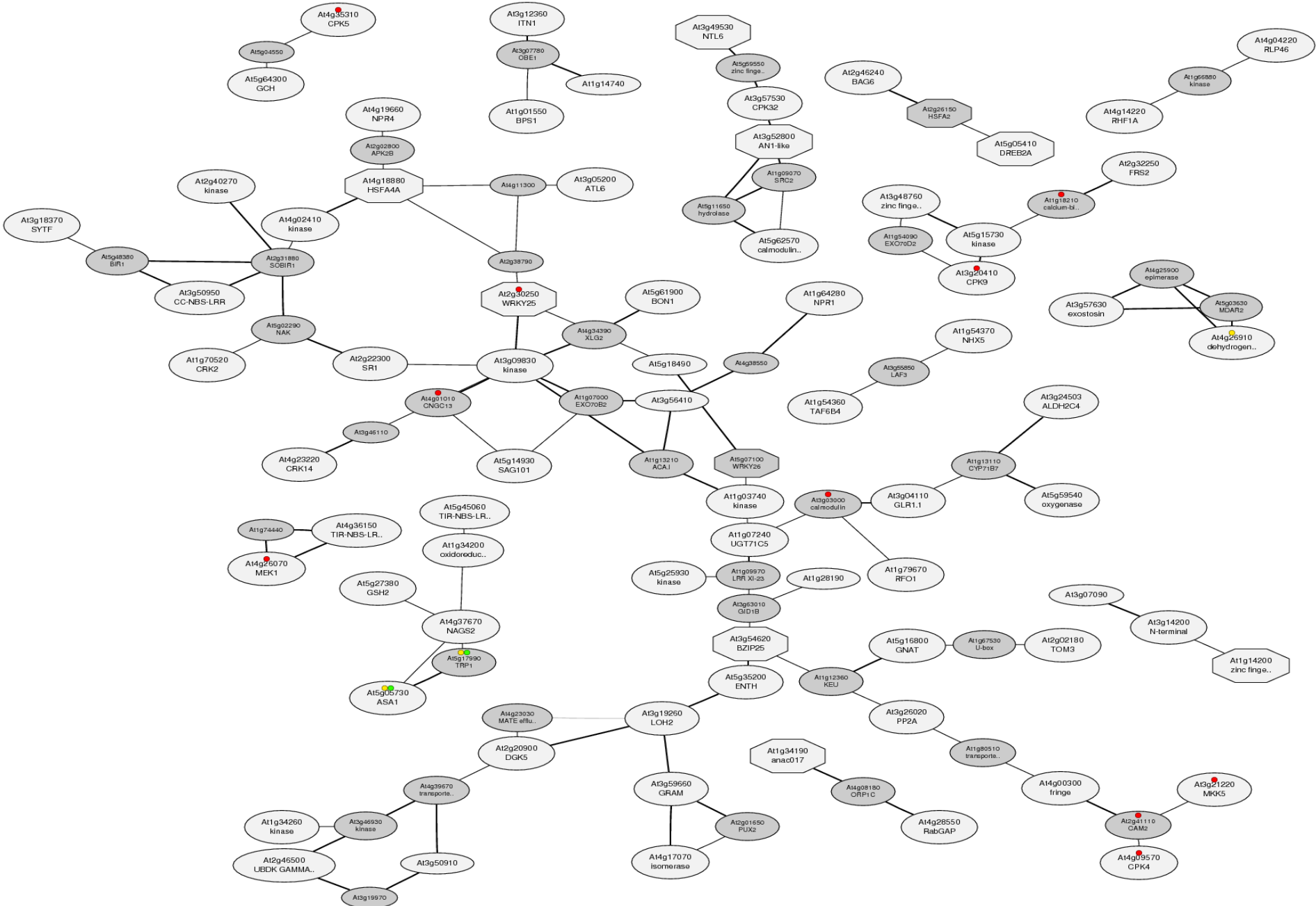
# Use ATTED-II as a sub-clustering tool



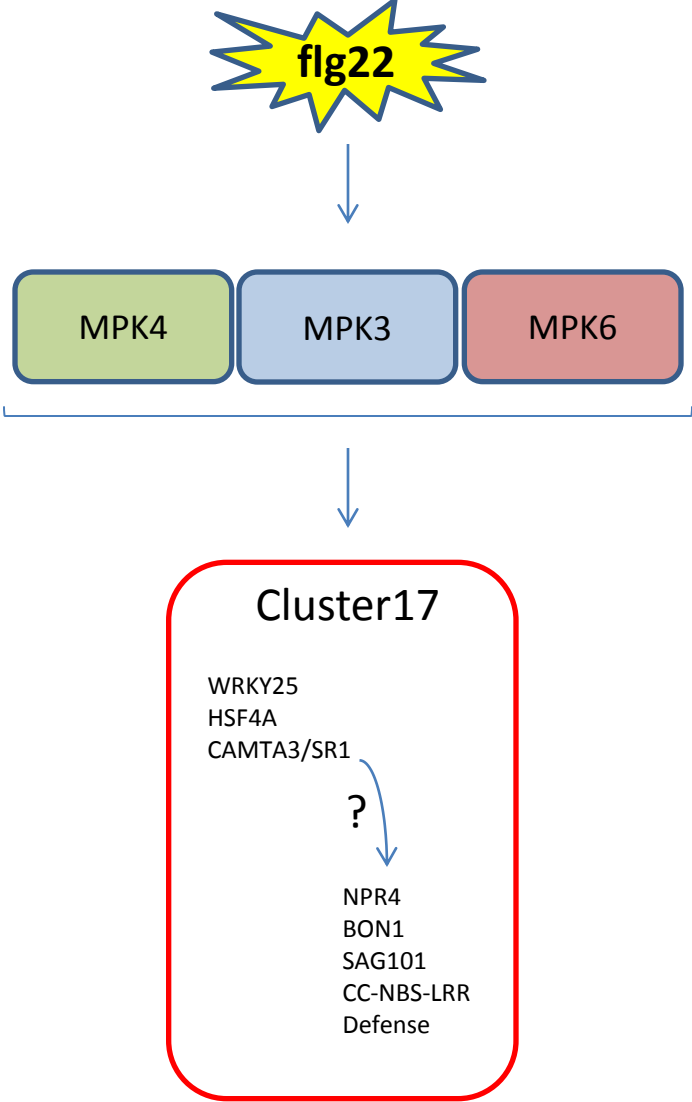
Matrix : 1388 transcriptomes in Arabidopsis

For every 25.000 genes, identification of the 300 most co-regulated

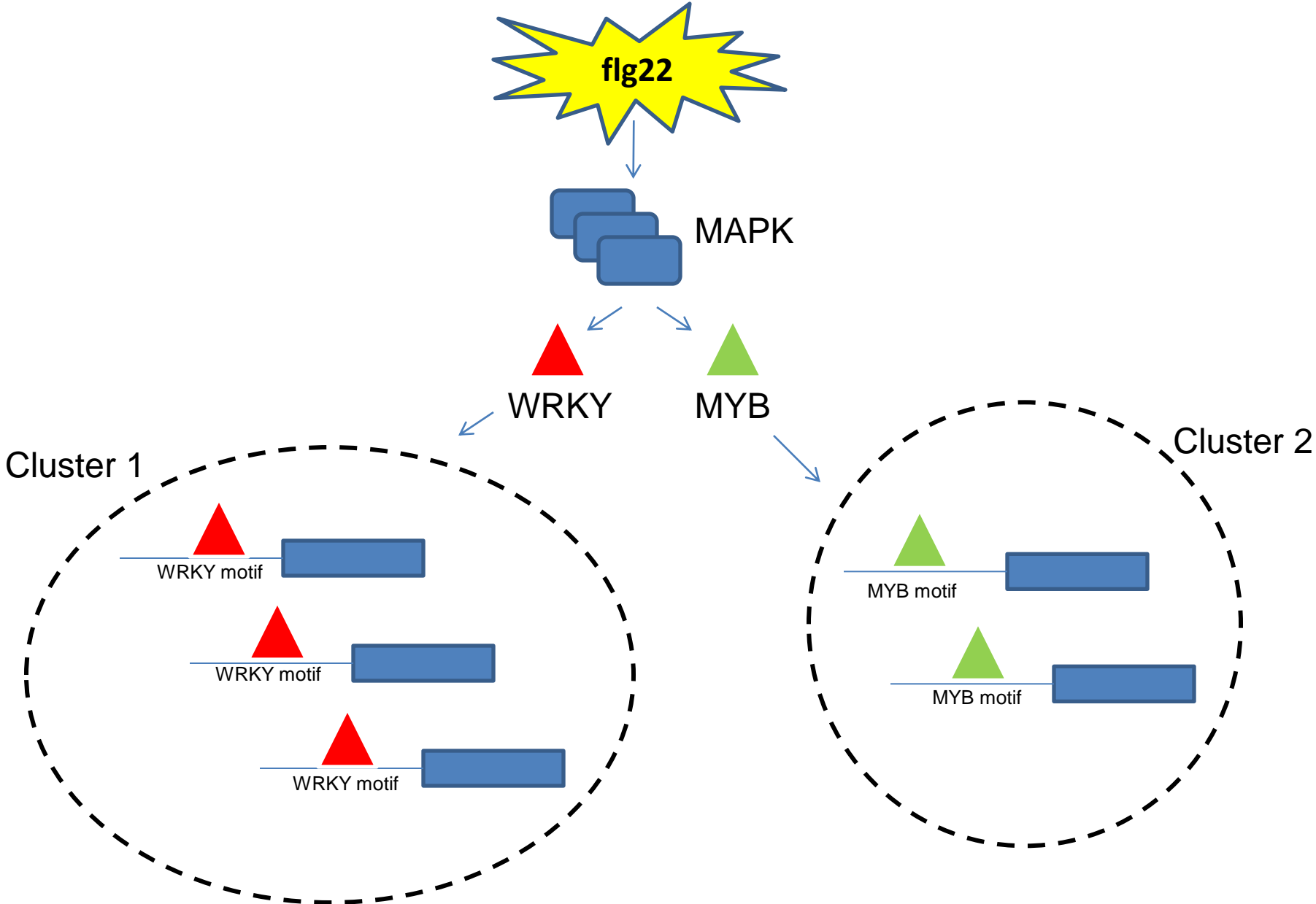
# ATTED output using the cluster 17 (132 genes)

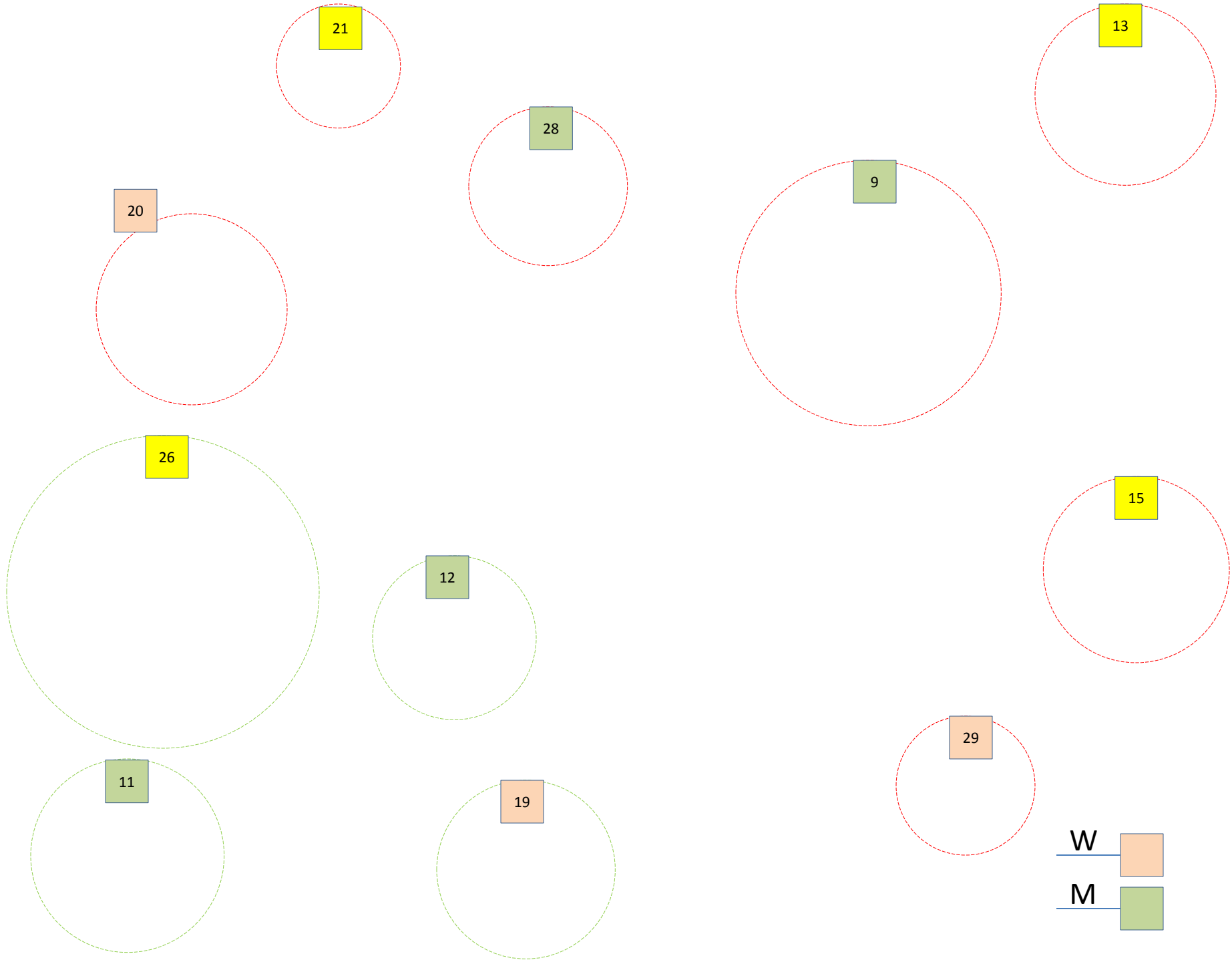


# Prediction from cluster 17 analysis



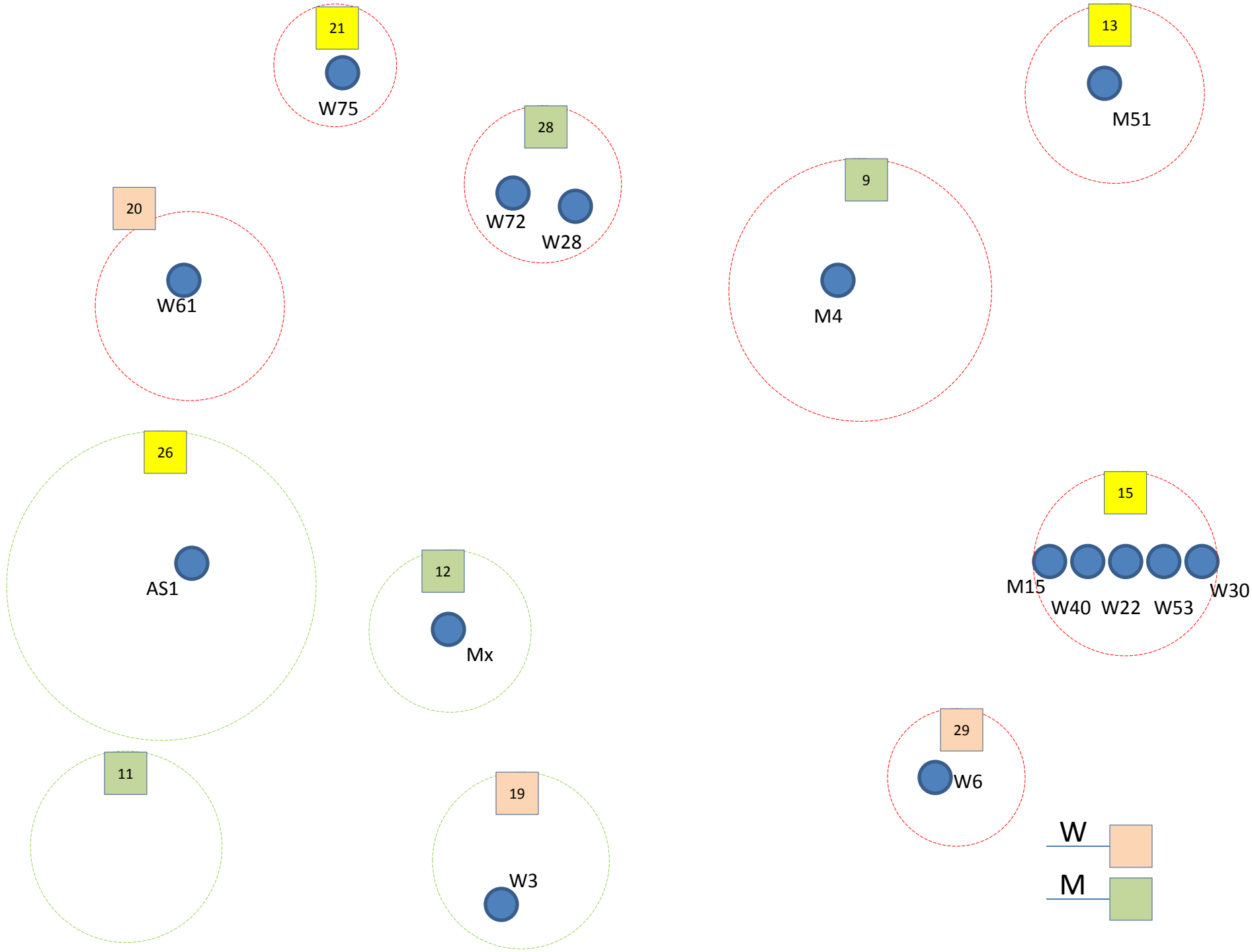
# Prediction from promoter analysis

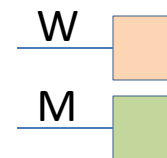
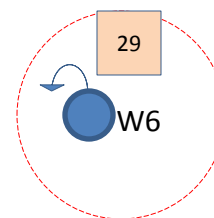
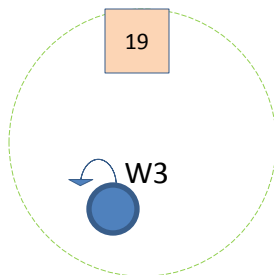
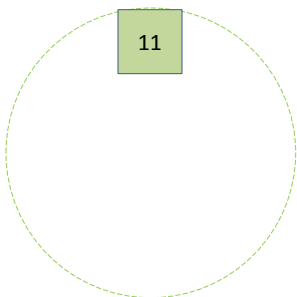
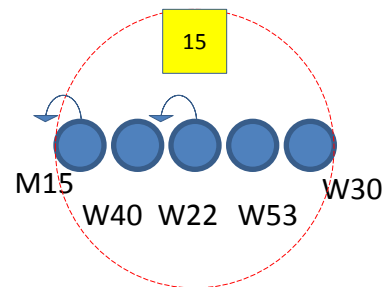
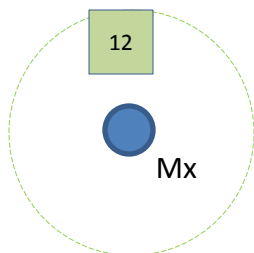
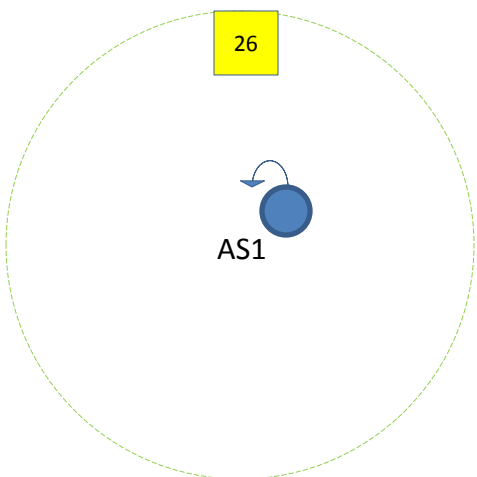
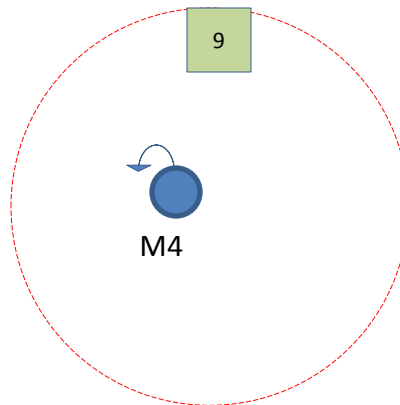
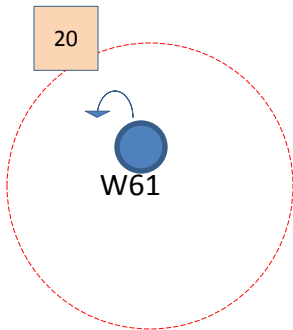
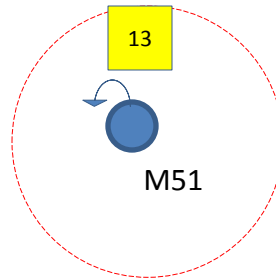
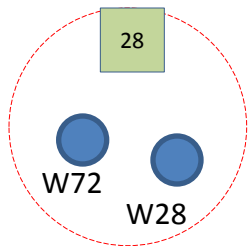
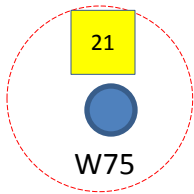


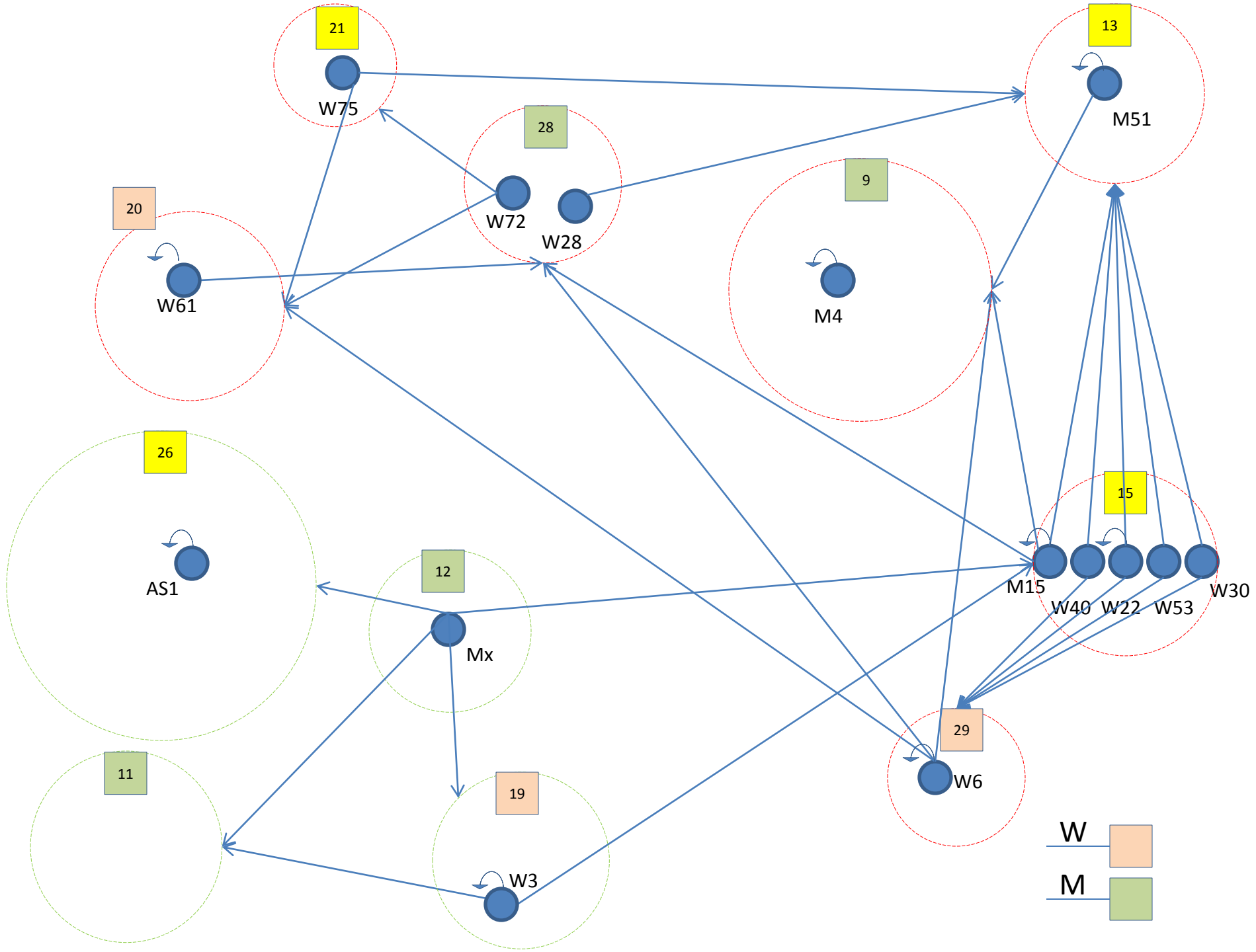


W  
M









# What's next ? Go beyond the prediction and test the model(s)...

